

Mark Carwardine's **ATA GLANCE** THE IUCN RED LIST

WHAT IS THE RED LIST?

The IUCN Red List of Threatened Species is the most authoritative, objective and comprehensive list of animals, plants and fungi that have been assessed for their risk of extinction. Described as the Barometer of Life. it is widely recognised as the best measure of how the world's wildlife is faring. The first official list was published in book form in 1966, but nowadays much of the information is online, in a searchable database that is accessible to anyone.

WHY IS IT NEEDED?

Because it provides critical information and analyses on the status of tens of thousands of species, subspecies, varieties and even sub-populations, and the threats that they face. This highlights the wildlife facing the highest risk of extinction and provides the necessary information for international agencies, national governments, conservation organisations and scientific institutions to prioritise their species-protection efforts.

WHO COMPILES THE LIST?

The Swiss-based IUCN (the International Union for Conservation of Nature) is responsible for producing the Red List, but on a dayto-day basis it is managed and compiled by the Global Species Programme Red List Unit, based in Cambridge, which draws on information from 16,000 scientists and 1,300 partner organisations in almost every country in the world.

HOW IS CONSERVATION STATUS ASSESSED?

Each species is rigorously evaluated, using specified and quantifiable criteria (such as population size, rate of population decline and geographic range) with input from BirdLife International, the IUCN Species Survival Commission and many other members of the Red List partnership. Once the assessment has been independently checked for accuracy, the species is placed into one of eight official categories.

WHAT ARE THE CATEGORIES?

The eight categories are (in order): Extinct (no reasonable doubt that the last individual has died), Extinct in the Wild (known only to survive in cultivation, in captivity or as a naturalised population well outside its historic range), Critically Endangered (extremely high risk of extinction in the wild), Endangered (very high risk of extinction in the wild), Vulnerable (high risk of extinction in the wild), Near Threatened (likely to qualify for a threatened category in the future), Least Concern (does not qualify for a more at-risk category) and Data Deficient (not enough data to make an assessment). A ninth category - Not Evaluated - is for species not yet assessed.



Rabb's fringe-limbed treefrog is a Critically Endangered species.

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MARK CARWARDINE is a frustrated and frank conservationist.

• Every month he demystifies some of the most important issues affecting the world's wildlife and assesses the organisations that protect it.

SO WHAT IS A 'THREATENED SPECIES'?

Any species that has been assessed as Critically Endangered, Endangered or Vulnerable.

HAS EVERY SPECIES BEEN EVALUATED?

Sadly, no. Some 1.74 million species have been discovered and given scientific names, though the true number may exceed 10 million. Of those, just 82,845, or 4.76 per cent, have been evaluated. Current assessments are biased towards higher vertebrates – 5,507 out of 5,515 known mammals, for example, and all 10,424 known birds. In contrast, that's true of only 6,051 out of one million insect species. Assessments are timeconsuming and expensive.

WHAT DOES THE MOST RECENT LIST CONCLUDE?

Published in June 2016, it reveals that at least a quarter of all evaluated mammals are threatened, as are more than one in eight of all birds and a shocking two-fifths of amphibians. Since 1996, the number of Critically Endangered mammals has increased from 169 to 205, and the number of Critically Endangered birds from 168 to 218 – suggesting a serious downward trend. This partly reflects increased assessment effort, but it is also a loud and clear wake-up call. 🗳

• Read the IUCN Red List for yourself: www.iucnredlist.org